



ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT

CENTRAL AGENCY FOR PUBLIC MOBILISATION AND STATISTICS



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1. Historical Background

- A. The very first Egyptian census in modern time was carried out in 1882 by a special task force
- B. In 1911, the Statistical Authority was established under the Ministry of Treasury, it had 800 employees
- C. In 1957, the Statistical Authority was renamed as Statistical & Census Authority under the Presidency of the republic, and was supplemented by regional offices

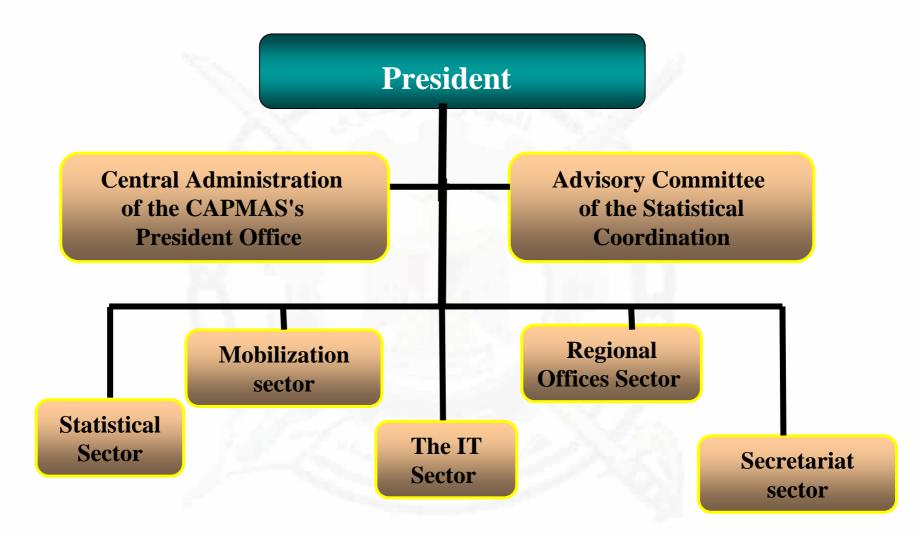


Historical Background

D. In 1964 a Presidential Decree gave the name "The Central Agency For Public Mobilization And Statistics" CAPMAS. Statistics joint to mobilization because the nature of this time that can be explained by the more conflicts between Egypt and Israel.



2. Organizational Structure





3. Sector's Functions

A. Central administration of President Office

- 1. Coordinates the cooperation with the regional, international organizations and other statistical agencies.
- 2. Prepares and implements local and international conferences
- 3. Organizes the work of the Advisory Committee for statistical planning and coordination.
- 4. Receiving requests for data and fulfills them.



B - Statistical Advisory Committee

- 1. Consists of members from various ministries of the State and Statistics experts, appointed by the head of *CAPMAS*.
- 2. Is considered as a legal body for managing and coordinating inter-ministerial statistical work.

- 3. Conducts statistical studies and Censuses and coordinates programs to avoid duplication.
- 4. Provides advice to the head of the *CAPMAS* in all the statistical subjects.



C- Statistical Sector

- 1. Plans for statistical studies, censuses, researches and periodic surveys.
- 2. Predicts population variables.
- 3. Organizes programs and training courses



D- Mobilization Sector

1. Compiles data on capabilities of the civilian sector to comply with requirements of the armed force.

2. Develops plans for mobilizing human and material resources.



E - IT Sector

1. Designs integrated information systems, and statistical and geographic data base including data processing.

- 2. Sets up data compilation systems including linking of statistical databases.
- 3. Plans and implements technical support for the maintenance of equipments, sites, and networks.



F - Regional Offices Sector

1. Implements field work for censuses according to plans.

2. Collects statistical data from various sources, public or private at the governorates level.



G - Secretariat sector

1. Sets up organizational, functional, and manpower policies.

2. Prepares and monitors CAPMAS budget.



4. Techniques Used For Data Collection

A. Field Researches

Conducting field researches using sampling or censuses considering that targets households or enterprises.

B. Administrative Records

Some of CAPMAS statistical publications depend on administrative records provided by ministries, institutions and other governmental organizations.

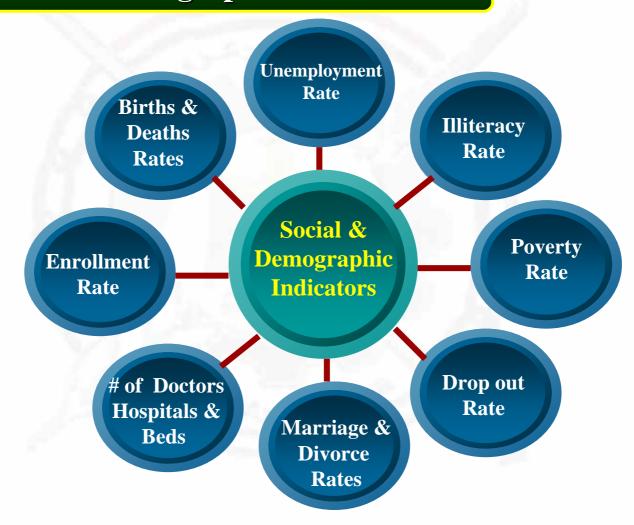


A. Social and Demographic Statistics

- 1- Population Statistics
- 2- Labor Statistics
- 3- Births and Deaths Statistics
- **4-Educational Statistics**
- 5- Health statistics
- **6- Marriage and Divorce Statistics**
- 7-Transportation and Communications Statistics
- 8- Family Budget and Consumption level Statistics



B. Social and Demographic Indicators





C. Economic Statistics

- 1- Population Censuses
- 2- Economic Censuses
- **3- Price and Indices Statistics**
- **4- Labor Statistics**
- **5-** Economic and Financial Statistics
- 6- Industrial Statistics
- 7- Agricultural Statistics
- 8 Internal and External Trade Statistics.
- 9 Family Budget and Consumption level Statistics.



D. Economic Indicators Inflation Rate **Poverty** Unemployment Rate Rate Foreign Volume of **Trade Economic Domestic** volume **Indicators Trade Trade Industrial** Balance **Production Cultivated &** Average Wages crop areas



6. Periodicity of The Most Important Statistical Activities

Consumer Price Index	(Monthly)
Producer Price Index	(Monthly)
Manufacturing Industries Price Indices	(Monthly)
Foreign Trade	(Monthly)
Tourism	(Monthly)



6. Periodicity of The Most Important Statistical Activities

- 6 Labor Force Survey (Quarterly)
- 7 Income, Expenditure and Consumption Survey (2 Years)
- 8 Economic Census (5 Years)
- 9 Population Housing and Enterprises Census (10 Years)

Other Statistics (Annually)



6. The Most Important Statistical Activities



Labor Force Survey

Since 1957 CAPMAS has been conducting labor force surveys on quarterly and annual basis. The latest improvement in the survey since October 2006 entails:

- 1-Appling the Rotating Sample Method to measure the dynamic changes and its impact on labor market.
- 2- Development of questionnaire by adding revealing questions.



6. The Most Important Statistical Activities

Labor Force Survey

A. Sample Size

Labor Force Sample survey (LFSS) is carried out using sampling method, the sample size is 21000 HHs per round (84000 annually) covering the whole country (urban / rural).

B. Geographical Coverage

All governorates of the country (urban / rural).



6.The Most Important Statistical Activities

Labor Force Survey

C. Method of Data Collection

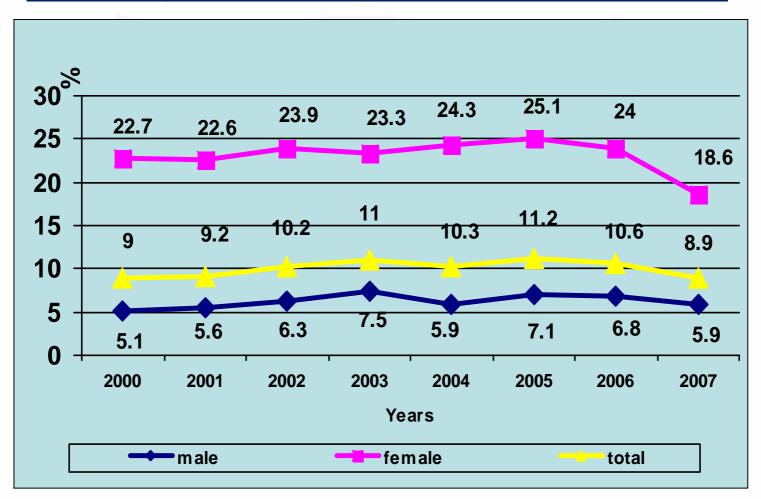
Specialized researchers collect data using a designed questionnaire according to international definitions and concepts

Employment and unemployment data published quarterly, and annually at the end of each calendar year.



Labor Force Survey

Unemployment Rate by Sex from 2000 to 2007





6. The Most Important Statistical Activities



Consumer Price Index Survey (CPI)

The first series of indices issued in 1914 under the name "indices of living expense" for Cairo city, continued up to now. It takes the prices of January 2007 = 100 as a basis for the beginning of the new time series in 2007.

CAPMAS publishes the monthly CPI (current month compared by the last one and the same month in the preceding year).



6.The Most Important Statistical Activities

Consumer Price Index Survey (CPI)

1. Data Sources

Data collected from 3324 sources in urban and 3825 in rural areas. It is collected on 826 goods and services.

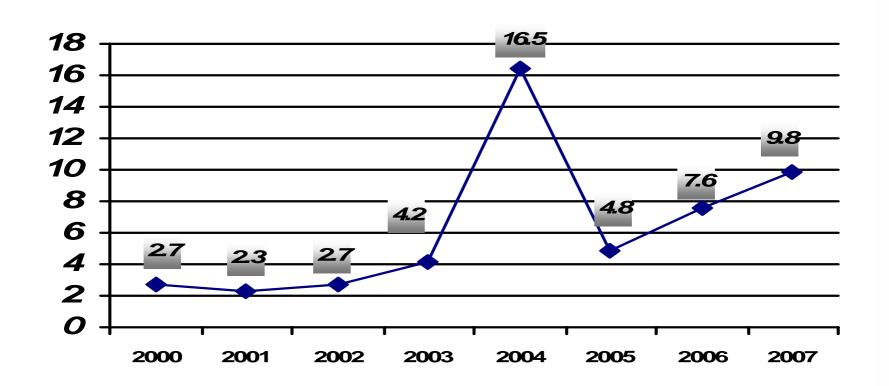
2. Geographical Coverage

Covering both urban and rural areas includes Cairo, Alexandria, Urban Upper and Lower Egypt, Rural upper and lower Egypt, Canal Cities and Frontier Governorates.



Consumer Price Index Survey (CPI)

Inflation Rates from 2000 up to 2007





7. Data Dissemination

CAPMAS's Web Site: www.capmas.gov.eg

1- Misr Intranet network:

Local database information enables all participants to access to data 24 hours, 7 days a week.

2- National Information Center (NIC):

Providing all data produced by *CAPMAS* in soft & hard copies to the users

3- Geographic Information Systems Center (GIS):

Establishes digital basis for maps at the provincial level, and provides Geographical Information Systems and technical support services to users.

4- CAPMAS's Library.



8. Other Services Provided by CAPMAS

A. Training Centers

- 1. National Center for Statistical Training:
- Carries out training courses in the field of statistics
- 2. Information Technology Training Center:

Provides training on information technology programs.

B. Studies & Researches Centers

1.Population Studies and Research Center:

Perform studies and researches in the areas of population especially Gender, population and development, and Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

2. General Mobilization for Studies and Research Center:

Conducts studies and research related to Public Mobilization plan.



8. Other Services Provided by CAPMAS

C. Other Services Centers

1. Microfilm and Documentation Center:

Microfilm archiving &providing consulting service in this area.

2. Data Entry Centers:

Providing data entry services to all clients.



