

Middle East within Asia

Need-Based Program for Area Studies

The Middle East within Asia: Law and Economics

"适应社会需求"型地区研究事业

让中东走近亚洲:以经济和法律为中心

Basic Concept

Research Goal

- Dissolve the discrepancies in perception between Japan and the Middle East
- ② Open up new interdisciplinary and trans-regional research fields to overcome the discrepancies

Social Needs (1)

Foster efficient management of business and daily life in the Middle East by understanding the Middle Eastern culture and customs

Social Needs (2)

Avoid the risks at national level, by studying the legal and economic systems in the Middle East

Expected research output

- ① To open a new horizon for new Middle Eastern area studies in the age of globalization by integrating human and social sciences
- ② To develop a theoretical framework of comparison between Japan and the Middle East by viewing the Middle East in relation to Asia

Social effects of the research

- ① Effective use of the networks of research institutions, researchers, foreign students, companies between Japan and the Middle East
- ② To study mechanisms of coexistence in societies characterized by high mobility of goods and people, such as which have been seen historically in the Middle East

目的

为了对应日益增加的社会对学术界的要求,也为了增加亚洲对中东的了解,从而脱离过去以欧美为中心的中东地区研究,构建一种直接立足于亚洲和中东合作关系之上的跨学科和跨地域的中东地区研究模式。

课题

怎样适应社会需求

预测社会需求

通过阐明在法律和经济关系上的冲突摩擦的文化背景,消除亚洲和中东之间在互相认识上的差异,从而让中东更加走近亚洲。

怎样适应

- ①对亚洲各国,中东各国的有关机构及人员进行问卷调查和访问调查。
- ②以解明"在〈〈复合型社会〉〉中东的各种社会群体的共生体系"为目标,致力开拓和以往不同的新的中东地区研究领域。

期待的社会研究效果

- ①我们期待通过提供在中东进行经济活动,日常生活时候的实际知识有助于提高在当地的企业活动效率和社会生活的圆滑度。
- ②我们期待在研究过程中,能和在亚洲和中东的研究机构、学者、留学生、企业有关人员之间形成一张关系网络,并通过活用这张关系网络,来加深在各个领域的亚洲和中东之间的相互理解。
- ③以直接立足于亚洲和中东的合作关系之上的跨学科及跨地域的中东研究为目标,我们期待通过结合人文科学与社会科学,来开拓对应全球化时代要求的中东研究的新天地。



Research Framework

To compare the Middle East with other Asian countries, and relativize the Middle East, not in relation to the West, but within the Asian context.

To collect quantitative data and qualitative information for the purpose of comparative studies, mainly through field surveys by questionnaire and interview.

- 1 Perception Survey
- 2 Social Survey (Political and Economic Situation)
- (Islamic Finance)

(ASocial Survey (Law and Regulations)

Countries and regions to be surveyed

(1) Gulf countries, (2) Egypt, (3) Yemen, (4) Iran, (5) Turkey, (6) Mashriq (Eastern Arab) countries, (7) Maghrib (Western Arab) countries, and (8) Other Asian countries (Southeast Asia, South Asia, China, etc)

研究方针

重视实证信息和比较视点

过去的中东地区研究偏重历史、文化,有过于强调中东特殊性之嫌。因此,本研究课题着重收集社会科学的数据信息,并基于这些数据在把中东和其他地区作比较时,注意将之相对化。

为什么把亚洲作为比较的对象

①一直以来,人们多在议论中东和西欧的关系。其实,说起社会构造和当地居民的心理,中东跟亚洲各国更接近。尤其在一国的建设和经济发展的战略上,中东更应该参考亚洲各国。

通过社会调查来收集数据和进行分析

按以下四个课题来进行问卷调查和访问调查。

- ①意识调查
- ②社会调查(政治经济方面)
- ③社会调查 (伊斯兰金融)
- ④社会调查(法律方面)

研究对象

- ① 海湾阿拉伯各国 ② 埃及 ③ 也门 ④ 伊朗 ⑤ 土耳其 ⑥ 东阿拉伯各国 ⑦ 西阿拉伯各国
- ⑧ 其他亚洲各国(东南亚、南亚、中国等)

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Organization

The organization of the project consists of an administration office, a consultative board and research groups.

The administration office is responsible for overseeing communication between the consultative board and research groups. It is also in charge of organizing research projects and establishing a network between research institutions in Japan and in the Middle East to conduct field surveys in the Middle East.

The research groups are composed of members who specialize

mostly in area studies on the Middle East, and will conduct research on the two topics outlined below (Research Themes) in collaboration with the consultative board.

The consultative board is composed of researchers from institutions in Japan and overseas, with theoretical backgrounds. They will advise the research groups on topics and methods from disciplinary points of view.

研究组织

研究组织由「策划小组」和「研究小组」构成。

「策划小组」将从学科(discipline)的角度来探讨研究课题的设定和研究方法问题,人员由相关研究方向的非中东问题学者和国内外的合作研究机构构成。

「研究小组」由中东研究专家构成,其任务是除了通过和「策划小组」合作来策定研究课题和进行分析外,还要按照研究计划和其他研究机构、学者、留学生、有关企业等形成关系网络,以期顺利地在中东各地实施各种调查。

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